Registration number: 02713611

# THE FIBREOPTIC INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION LIMITED

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

Minney & Company Limited Statutory Auditor 59 Union Street Dunstable Beds LU6 1EX

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** A R Bullen

J R Colton
J Marson
N Hedges
J M Lewis
F T Kler
S J C Brown

P B Forster

**Company secretary** JE Morrison

**Registered office** The Manor House

Buntingford Hertfordshire SG9 9AB

**Auditors** Minney & Company Limited

Statutory Auditor 59 Union Street Dunstable Beds LU6 1EX

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2021.

# Director of the company

A R Bullen

J R Colton

J Marson

N Hedges

J M Lewis

F T Kler

M J Smith (Resigned 11 January 2021)

S J C Brown (appointed 1 December 2020)

P B Forster (appointed 1 December 2020)

### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the promotion of co-operation between members of the association engaged in the UK as manufacturers,traders,service agents,distributors and consultants in respect of Fibreoptic products

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

#### **Small companies provision statement**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

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A R Bullen	••••••	••
Director		

# **Statement of Directors' Responsibilities**

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of THE FIBREOPTIC INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of THE FIBREOPTIC INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION LIMITED (the 'company') for the year ended 31 August 2021, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of THE FIBREOPTIC INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION LIMITED

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities [set out on page 3], the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of THE FIBREOPTIC INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION LIMITED

Based on our understanding of the Company and the industry in which it operates, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations we consider the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance;
- results of our enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks or irregularities;
- any matters identified relating to identifying, evaluation and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance, detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud, the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK) we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we completed the following:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias;
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions;

We also obtain an understanding of the legal and regularity framework that the company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

There are inherent limitations in our oudit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealement or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of THE FIBREOPTIC INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION LIMITED

L Minney (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Minney & Company Limited, Statutory Auditor
59 Union Street
Dunstable
Beds
LU6 1EX
Date:

# Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		61,168	57,280
Gross surplus		61,168	57,280
Administrative expenses		(42,105)	(49,803)
Operating surplus		19,063	7,477
Other interest receivable and similar income		1	23
Surplus before tax		19,064	7,500
Tax on profit		(3,622)	(611)
Surplus for the financial year	=	15,442	6,889

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above.

# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Surplus for the year	15,442	6,889
Total comprehensive income for the year	15,442	6,889

# (Registration number: 02713611) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Current assets			
Debtors	6	12,047	7,422
Cash at bank and in hand		61,290	35,183
		73,337	42,605
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(21,631)	(6,341)
Net assets	_	51,706	36,264
Capital and reserves			
Profit and loss account		51,706	36,264
Shareholders' funds		51,706	36,264

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 1 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

A R Bullen Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 September 2020	36,264	36,264
Surplus for the year	15,442	15,442
Total comprehensive income	15,442	15,442
At 31 August 2021	51,706	51,706
	Profit and loss account	Total
At 1 September 2019	29,375	29,375
Surplus for the year	6,889	6,889
Total comprehensive income	6,889	6,889
At 31 August 2020	36,264	36,264

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

#### 1 General information

The company is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated in England, and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £25 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

The address of its registered office is: The Manor House Buntingford Hertfordshire SG9 9AB United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 1 December 2021.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

# **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

# Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Office equipment

25% Straight line basis

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

# **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 8 (2020 - 7).

### 4 Auditors' remuneration

	2021 £	2020 £
Audit of the financial statements	1,050	1,050
Other fees to auditors All other non-audit services	250	250

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

# 5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 September 2020	2,347	2,347
At 31 August 2021	2,347	2,347
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 September 2020	2,347	2,347
At 31 August 2021	2,347	2,347
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2021		-
6 Debtors	2021	2020
	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	12,047	7,422
	12,047	7,422
7 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	14,449	2,453
Taxation and social security	5,882	2,588
Accruals and deferred income	1,300	1,300
	21,631	6,341

# Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover (analysed below)	61,168	57,280
Gross surplus (%)	100%	100%
Administrative expenses		
Establishment costs (analysed below)	(440)	-
General administrative expenses (analysed below)	(40,845)	(49,100)
Finance charges (analysed below)	(820)	(703)
	(42,105)	(49,803)
Operating surplus	19,063	7,477
Other interest receivable and similar income (analysed below)	1	23
Surplus before tax	19,064	7,500

# Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		
Members' fees - Renewals	51,380	49,475
Members' fees	4,225	2,585
Members' fees - Overseas	1,400	1,050
Other revenue	4,163	4,170
	61,168	57,280
Establishment costs		
Equipment repairs and renewals	(440)	
General administrative expenses		
Telephone and fax	(1,075)	(1,395)
Computer software and maintenance costs	(890)	(164)
Printing, postage and stationery	(935)	(1,063)
Council meeting costs	-	(736)
Seminars and events	(399)	-
Travel and subsistence	-	(388)
Advertising	(8,055)	-
Accountancy fees	(8,404)	(8,464)
Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual accounts	(1,050)	(1,050)
Auditors' remuneration - non audit work	(250)	(250)
Secretariat fee	(19,734)	(19,733)
Standards expenses	-	(15,777)
Legal and professional fees	(53)	(80)
	(40,845)	(49,100)
Finance charges		
Bank charges	(171)	(253)
Credit card charges	(649)	(450)
•	(820)	(703)
	<del></del>	
Other interest receivable and similar income		2.
Bank interest receivable	1	21
Other interest receivable	<del>-</del> -	2
,	<u> </u>	23